

Local thundershowers today; Tuesday fair. Yesterday's temperature—Maximum, 85; minimum, 55.

NO. 2430

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, JUNE 2, 1913.

ONE CENT.

FRISCO FIASCO REACTS ON U. S. STOCKS ABROAD

German Bourse Shows Unfavorable Disposition Toward American Securities.

START FIGHT ON YOAKUM

Representative of Speyer & Co. Leaves for New York to Take Hand in Receivership Proceedings.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.

Berlin, June 1.—The St. Louis and San Francisco incident was the week's sensation.

German bondholders are deeply disappointed over that road's fiasco wherein above \$20,000,000 of German money was invested.

A trust company allied with the Deutsche Bank is advertising an invitation to bondholders to deposit here for action in harmony with the New York committee. The incident promises a black eye to American securities generally.

Canadian Pacific stock was sold heavily. The general opinion of the American situation is unfavorable, and it is feared the reaction will continue. The falling off in the American market, as well as in Germany and Belgium, has depressed industrial.

The Bourse is also affected by the execution of a country branch of the banking house, who speculated surreptitiously here with the bank's money. Both men have been jailed. The incident has awakened fear that other embassies may be disclosed as price continues to fall. All this has tended to reach badly on the market.

Bondholders Want Voice in 'Frisco Receivership

St. Louis, June 1.—Frederick W. Lehmann, representing the banking firm of Speyer and Company, of New York, will depart for that city tomorrow noon. He will consult with his clients regarding the recent receivership for the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company.

The banking house is said to be opposed to B. F. Yoakum's control of affairs and is anxious to have the bondholders of the road represented among the receivers who will settle its affairs.

Mr. Lehmann probably will remain in New York a week, and it is expected that a battle royal of financial generals and business wizards will be fought out in Gotham.

Charles Nagel, former Secretary of Commerce and Labor, who is representing the Bankers' Trust Company, of New York, left the Washington Hotel, St. Louis, where he has been staying, today leaving word that he would be gone a week. It is believed he, too, has gone to New York to take part in the plans for insuring the bondholders a voice in the settlement of the road's affairs.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION TO PROBE WRECKING OF ROAD

The Interstate Commerce Commission will investigate the throwing of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad into the hands of receivers through heavy expenditures in the taking over of small feeder lines at exorbitant prices and valuations.

Judge Judson C. Clements, of the commission, said last night that the matter had not been taken up in conference by the committee, but that it was one of those railroad subjects that must come to the attention of the commission.

Interstate Commerce Commissioners say that under the present laws Congress requiring the physical valuation of railroad property, it will be necessary for its investigators to go into every phase of the fiscal transaction attending the wrecking of the St. Louis and San Francisco property. This report is to be made public. The Department of Justice will then determine whether a prosecution is necessary.

Because of the public interest in the affairs of this railroad, the commission will conduct a preliminary investigation into the transactions leading up to the receivership of the road.

COURT OF APPEALS HOLDS DOG NOT GUILTY

Decree of Lower Tribunal, Founded on Circumstantial Evidence, Is Set Aside.

Spokane, Wash., June 1.—Completely exonerated in a decision by Judge H. L. Kennan, of the Spokane County Superior Court, Kim, the aptly named Alredale pup belonging to Deputy Prosecuting Attorney F. M. Goodwin, has been released after six months in the city pound.

Kim was charged with entering the premises of Austin Corbin II, capitalist, and biting off a cow's tail and killing thirty-three Plymouth Rock pullets. Mr. Corbin had Kim impounded, and brought suit for damages in justice court. The pup was found not guilty of severing the cow's tail, but judgment of \$25.00 was allowed for the death of the fowls.

Announcing that the reputation of his Alredale pup was at stake, Mr. Goodwin appealed the case. In the Superior Court he established an alibi for the pup, leaving Mr. Corbin with a \$30 board bill at the pound. Kim was convicted in justice court on circumstantial evidence, as blood was said to have been found on his hide the day after the slaughter of the Corbin fowls.

MRS. GRACE'S DIVORCE SUIT OPENS TODAY

Philadelphia, June 1.—The suit for divorce brought by Mrs. Daisy Ople Grace against her husband, who is now in Atlanta, will open here tomorrow. Mrs. Grace declared tonight that she is confident that she will be freed from the man whom she was accused of trying to kill.

"The world has never known what I suffered, and if I am called upon to testify tomorrow I shall have the opportunity to present my side of the story. I have been subjected to, and then public opinion concerning me will change. I have learned a bitter lesson and shall remain single the rest of my days."

WIFE WOULD NOT LET HIM WED

Next Campaign to Be Managed by President

Johnson Will Be Chairman of Democratic Congressional Committee.

CO-OPERATION PLANNED

National Committee Will Assist Congressmen in Effort to Secure Indorsement at Polls.

By JOSEPH P. ANNIN.

Administration leaders have devised a plan whereby President Wilson can, and probably will, run the Congressional campaign of 1914 without tramping on the pet corns of Congress. This plan will be ratified at a meeting of the Congressional Committee tonight.

Bolted down, the plan is simply this: The congressional campaign will be run by a joint Senate and House Congressional Committee acting in conjunction with the administration's executive committee. This executive committee will raise whatever funds are to be used and will dictate the disposal of those funds.

By this means the President will arrive at his ends without alienating part of the House Democratic membership. Representative Ben Johnson of Kentucky will be the chief of the Congressional Committee at tonight's meeting.

But when it comes to running the campaign, Mr. Johnson will be but one of ten actual pilots—and by far the greater part of that ten will be out-and-out administration supporters. Mr. Johnson may hug the form, but he has lost the substance of his victory.

The Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee, elected by the House, but which has been drifting along under a temporary organization because of the desire of the White House that no immediate action be taken, will meet with a committee of the Senate tomorrow.

The Senate will be led by Senator John C. Calhoun of Oregon, Shively of Indiana, Chamberlain of Nevada, and Thomas of Colorado. This committee was selected by the Senate Democratic caucus last week to confer with the House committee with a view to co-operation between the two Houses in the forthcoming campaign.

The committee will present a plan to the House committee whereby the Senate will be represented on the joint Congressional Committee by twenty members, one from each State which now has Democratic representation in the Senate and from which a Senator is to be selected in 1914.

This plan in all probability will be accepted by the House committee.

Co-operation is Planned.

Co-operation between the joint Congressional Campaign Committee and the Democratic National Committee is to be worked out through the creation of a committee of the one and an executive committee of five members, to be appointed by the other. The national executive committee is composed of Representative A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, Homer Cummings of Connecticut, Cato Sells of Texas, Clark Howell of Georgia, and Fred Lynch of Minnesota.

The executive committee of the joint Congressional campaign will comprise three Senators and two members of Congress.

The 1914 campaign, the first in which the seventeenth Constitutional amendment will be tried out, will be directed by these two committees, acting jointly. The national executive committee will procure the necessary funds. The national executive committee naturally will desire to have the funds expended to have these funds shall be expended. Being a good, strong administration committee, the voice of President Wilson naturally will carry great weight. In other words, the national executive committee will be the voice of the President.

President Wilson opposed Representative Johnson's selection as the directing head of the Congressional campaign for two reasons. First, Johnson is a Southerner, and one who does not have to make a hard fight in his district, either for the Democratic nomination or for the election. This holds true as far as elections are concerned with virtually all Southern districts. The President does not feel that the South should direct a campaign in which the North has most at stake.

New Plan Formed.

Thirdly, Ben Johnson is chairman of the District Committee, and past experience has demonstrated the wisdom of having the chairman of a District Committee directing a Congressional campaign. This drawback, however, will be obviated under the new plan by having all funds collected by the national executive committee.

With the national joint Congressional Campaign Committee under the immediate direction of President Wilson, members of the House and Senate who come up for re-election will, as a rule, feel as a rule, that to oppose the administration on tariff, currency, or any programme designed to carry out party platform pledges will be to take their political lives in their hands.

OPPOSES CANAL FORTIFICATION

North Dakota Professor Says United States Owe Debt to Nations.

Grand Forks, N. Dak., June 1.—That the United States owes a great debt to the nations of the world and that the abandonment of plans to fortify the Panama Canal would, in a measure, liquidate that debt, is the opinion of President F. L. McVey, of the University of North Dakota.

Discussing the work of the recent Peace Congress in an address yesterday, President McVey declared that the United States, free from the bondage formed by the treaty of history, has an opportunity to give to the nations of the world an example of purpose and intent.

ORIENTAL LIMITED WRECKED; ENGINEER IS KILLED

Fargo, N. Dak., June 1.—Great Northern train No. 1, known as the Oriental Limited, west-bound, was wrecked near Moorhead, Minn., tonight.

Engineer Frank French was killed. The passengers escaped with a bad shaking up. The train was behind schedule and was making sixty miles an hour. The engineer failed to heed the semaphores set against him until he was shaking up the derailed train down a ten-foot embankment. The baggage and mail cars were overturned. The smoking car, through leaving the rails, remained upright.

COLONEL SAYS HE LOVES EVERYONE

Talks of Libel Suit While Waiting to Change Trains in Chicago.

HASN'T SIX CENTS YET

Meets Policeman He Has Known for Twenty Years and Entertains Him at Breakfast.

Chicago, June 1.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt arrived here this morning, and when he stepped from the Northwestern train at 7:35 announced that he was "feeling good."

"But," said Roosevelt, "I was not yet received the 6 cents awarded him in his libel suit against George A. Newitt, editor of the Little Weekly, Iron Ore, but that he would get that later."

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It was not pecuniary gain that I was after. It was the rumors and reports, all of which have been entirely without foundation, that have been circulated in every State in the Union that I wished to stop. All of these reports have been highly ephemeral in character, and it has been extremely difficult to trace them to their original source."

Meets Policeman Friend.

The first person Col. Roosevelt spied on alighting from the train was Police- man William Higgins, whom the colonel greeted him like a long lost friend.

"Where is the dining-room, and how much time have I before my train goes?" he asked.

On being told that he had an hour, the colonel was pleased. He then accompanied the officer to a dining car where breakfast was being served, and how much time and when we should be interviewed concerning his suit against Editor Newitt.

Col. Roosevelt left at 8:30 a. m. on a train for the East.

"O. K. D. BY T. R." CLAIMS

LIQUOR FIRM ADVERTISING

JULEPS AND MILK PUNCHES

Springfield, Mass., June 1.—"O. K. D. by T. R." is the faring announcement of the Springfield firm in today's Springfield papers in offering to the public "milk punch, rare old Madeira wines and mint juleps." The slogan is type an inch high and extends across five columns.

Conspicuous but more modest lettering reads:

"It is a satisfaction to learn from some high authority—one who knows from experience—just what and how much and when we should be interviewed concerning his suit against Editor Newitt."

Under the heading "milk punch" the advertisement says:

"T. R. is probably like the rural domestic who was given his first punch by his city host."

"My dear sir," he said, "you ought to thank God every day of your life for having a cow that will give such milk."

Washington Girl

Fair Soldier in Seminary Drill

Miss Eleanor Tingley, Clad in Khaki and Carrying Rifle, Goes Through Manual of Arms.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Boston, Mass., June 1.—Miss Eleanor Tingley, of Washington, was one of the prettiest soldier girls who, clad in khaki uniforms and real rough rider hats, competed yesterday in the annual military drill at exclusive Lasell Seminary, in Auburndale.

Carrying bayoneted guns, the fair warriors went through the maneuvers of the manual of arms, marching and countermarching in perfect unison, while thousands of guests cheered them.

Miss Tingley is a devotee in Company B, which yesterday gave close battle for first honors. Regular army officers judged the drill, and awarded the prize banner to Company A. Yesterday's drill was the first of the commencement events, and drew a vast throng.

TRAITOR BETRAYED TRAITOR.

Russian Officer Betrayed Himself on Col. Redl.

Vienna, June 1.—It was learned tonight that the traitor, Col. Redl, who recently committed suicide, did not commit himself with selling plans of Austrian fortifications and army secrets to Russia, but he disclosed to the Russian authorities the names of the Russian military officers who had sold information to Austria and other countries concerning Russian military affairs.

One of these Russian officers, wishing to revenge himself, in turn betrayed Redl to the Austrian government.

KEEFE ATTACKS PRESENT RULES OF IMMIGRATION

Ex-Commissioner Says They Are Inadequate in Keeping Out Undesirables.

FAVORS LITERACY TEST

Bill Vetted by President Taft Devoid of Same Feature to Be Introduced Today.

Daniel J. Keefe, who retired Saturday from the office of Commissioner General of Immigration, issued a statement yesterday, in which he took occasion to comment on the alleged defects of the immigration laws. He declared that they were inadequate in preventing undesirable immigration, and pointed out that most of the aliens now arriving flock to the cities. Mr. Keefe said the Dillingham-Burnett bill, vetted by President Taft, was "an excellent measure," commending particularly the literacy feature.

Mr. Keefe is a Republican, and was appointed by President Roosevelt. He served for four years and six months as the head of the immigration service. President Wilson accepted Mr. Keefe's resignation and nominated A. J. Cannanetti, of Sacramento, Cal., to succeed him.

The present immigration law has but little effect in reducing or checking the great influx of aliens," said Mr. Keefe. "In fact, it scarcely excludes any except those who are afflicted with serious mental or physical defects. Indeed, it was not for the few debased or on these grounds and the occasional contract laborer, anarchist, criminal or immoral persons turned back, the effect of the law would be almost negligible."

Difficult to Deport Aliens.

"Notwithstanding the mandatory provisions of the law it has been difficult in the past to deport even when the aliens are mentally or physically defective. It has become customary for friends or philanthropic societies to appeal in behalf of the alien, and in taking such appeals little or no consideration is given to the merits of the cases, the desire being in any event to land the alien."

The endorsement of all parties concerned are frequently directed toward persuading the department that the boards of special inquiry (composed in each instance of three experienced immigrant inspectors who personally examine and observe the aliens and their witnesses) and the public health surgeons (doctors of training and experience, whose only interest, of course, is to perform their duty) are mistaken in their conclusions, and in the event of their failure to have the aliens landed, views of habeas corpus are sought in an effort to have the alien released on the decision of the administrative officers."

Mr. Keefe points out that 50 per cent of the immigrants come from Southern and Eastern Europe or Western Asia, and come from farms in their native countries, but very few of them have any intention of performing or could be induced to perform farm work in the United States. He says the bulk of these immigrants enter the country to engage in common labor in manufacturing, mining, or construction.

"As a matter of fact," says Commissioner Keefe, "our immigration is poorly equipped in the industrial sector, and unquestionably is having a disastrous effect on American unskilled labor."

New Laws Are Needed.

"It being obvious that the existing law is not sufficient to meet the serious situation, from an economic point of view, the law must be amended so that about 90 per cent of our immigration is composed of aliens belonging to races not of the same stock as the original settlers or the voluntary immigration previous to 1907."

Mr. Keefe says that the bill, passed at the last session of Congress, but vetoed by President Taft, was an excellent measure.

CONTINUED ON PAGE SIX.

CHAPLAIN ADDRESSES NEW NAVY OFFICERS

Commencement Week at Academy Starts Today—Gay Events Are Planned.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.

Annapolis, Md., June 1.—Commanding them to work if they would achieve any mark of success, and not to seek easy roads on short cuts to any achievement, Rev. William G. Cassard, chaplain of the United States Naval Academy, today delivered the baccalaureate sermon to the midshipmen of the class to be graduated from the Academy on Friday.

An audience that taxed the capacity of the chapel heard the sermon, many of those present being relatives and friends of the graduates, who are here for the gay events of commencement week.

"An Officer's Obligation to His Country" was the general theme of the chaplain's sermon. Among other things, he urged the new officers to be brave and courageous; to display that kind of courage that can stay by the ship and its commonplace duties when others are picked for dangerous or difficult or spectacular service.

NEGOTIATIONS COMPLETE FOR MEXICAN LOAN

Bankers Say Huerta Government Will Receive \$75,000,000 Railway.

Notes to Be Paid.

New York, June 1.—It is stated by bankers interested in the negotiations that the financial arrangements for the issue of a loan of \$75,000,000 to the Mexican government have been completed. An official announcement of both of these matters will be made Monday.

It is stated that the issue of \$20,000,000 two-year gold notes of the National Railways of Mexico, maturing Monday, will be paid.

Christian Endeavor Tour to California.

A touring will be held for those interested in the Christian Endeavor tour to California at the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, at 10 a. m. Full information regarding this trip will be given at that time. Edw. T. King, manager.

TAX RACKETEERS URGES CLUBWOMAN

Mrs. Anita Comfort Brooks.

New York, June 1.—Declaring that any man earning \$1,000 a year could afford to take unto himself a wife, Mrs. Anita Comfort Brooks, president of several clubs and a prominent sociological worker, has proclaimed herself a firm advocate of the movement looking to the taxation of bachelors. "Bachelors should be taxed," said Mrs. Brooks. "I should be delighted to see every man over twenty-seven years of age forced to pay a premium for his freedom from matrimony."

With regard to Japan, Mr. McCombs declined to express his views. As to Mexico, he said:

"Our interest in Mexico is limited to our wish to see the establishment of an orderly government. The rest concerns the Mexicans. I have nothing to say against any government which may establish itself in Mexico."

"It is quite proper for the United States to delay recognition until we have assurance of stability."

The only comment Mr. McCombs would make on Mr. Bryan's faith in the world's peace was this:

"I was a member of the committee which welcomed the foreign delegates to the meeting of the Peace Society. I hope for a peace, but I believe in maintaining our defenses on a proper footing. My opinion hitherto has been that we should build two battleships every year."

Mr. McCombs would not commit himself to any statement as to what he considered the right attitude of the United States toward England in regard to the Panama Canal.

The subject is too burning to allow of my discussing it," he said.

Referring to the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad uproar, he declared:

"I do not know very much about the matter. It has developed since my departure. I will say, however, that I do not think the business world of America should be judged by a single incident. The receivership of the railroad mentioned will not, in my opinion, affect very greatly the thinking investors of Europe, who have the same opportunities of looking into investment values in America as we have."

Wants Currency Action.

Touthing on the currency question, Mr. McCombs added:

"It should be taken up as soon as possible. The Democratic majority in the last Congress in the Lower House carried on extensive investigations through a committee, and a committee in the present House is working on the matter."

Mr. McCombs seemed unimpressed by the report that J. S. Gargant Cram had announced himself as Murphy's candidate for the mayoralty of New York, saying:

"I am not a gambler, but I will bet a cigar I shall not be asked to stand. I have not heard a word upon the subject. No one has approached me about it, nor has such an idea ever been present in my mind."

The mayoralty of New York is an important post, but I have never wished or longed for public office. What I would do if I were asked to become a candidate, I cannot say."

"My intention is to retain my place as the head of the Democratic committee. If I should run for Mayor, I might consider it advisable to resign the position I now hold, but, I repeat, I have no such intention."

SEVERAL LIVES LOST IN KENTUCKY STORM

Heavy Damage to Tobacco and Other Crops—Entire Family Reported Killed.

Lexington, Ky., June 1.—Several people were killed and thousands of dollars in damage done to livestock and farm buildings by a terrific wind, rain, and hail storm which swept over Central Kentucky this afternoon.

Tobacco growers will probably suffer the greatest loss, as the plants set out last week were entirely destroyed. Grains were beaten down and totally ruined and hundreds of cattle were killed. It is reported here that an entire family were killed on a farm near Lexington when the wind tore the roof from the house and the building collapsed, burying the family under the debris.

Lightning destroyed many farm buildings and caused the burning of miles of timberland on the hillsides.

JUNE WANTS.

At this time of the year, when spring is merging into summer, there are any number of things that are badly needed, either by the man or woman who is fortunate enough to spend the hot months in the country, or by the seashore, or by the one that is obliged to remain in the city or town during the summer.

These things can be done without, but the summer is going to be not quite so happy without them, and they need not cost you nearly as much as you think, if you only use Herald Want Ads to get them.

So many people lose a vast amount of pleasure simply because they have never learned the value of a simple little appeal in The Herald Want Column. Don't let this bright month of June go by without satisfying those little extra summer wants through The Herald Want Ads.

SENATE STARTS PROBING TODAY

Lobby Charges of President to Be Taken Up by Special Committee.

SOLONS IN QUARTETS

Counter Attack Against So-called Sugar Refining Trust Is Being Planned.

President Wilson had not indicated to the Senate Committee on Judiciary last night whether he would appear before the committee and supply names and evidence in the investigation to determine the accuracy of the charge that there is a tariff lobby in Washington seeking to influence legislation.

The committee will begin its hearings at 11 o'clock this morning.

Unless the President decides to appear and testify the first witnesses called will be Senators. They will be called by fours in alphabetical order. It will take several days to complete the list of Senators. It was learned last night that among the names that will be supplied to the committee by Senators of persons who made representations to them in the tariff are many prominent Democratic politicians, some of their friends of the President.

In other cases former members of Congress, Republicans and Democrats, had appeared as attorneys and submitted briefs. There has been no suggestion of improper influences, the men who appear before the committee will be interested in the sugar refining trust, financially or professionally in the tariff.

One or two members of the Democratic national committee are said to be among those who called on the Democratic Senators and left briefs or made oral representations.

Free Sugar Settlement.

It was learned last night that there are plans being laid for an organized counter attack in the Senate during which it will be charged that the sentiment in favor of free sugar is the result of an extensive but quiet campaign carried on by the so-called sugar refining trust.

It will be argued that the fight now being waged for free sugar by the "interests" is analogous in many ways to the fight for a reciprocity treaty with Cuba a dozen years ago, and the blame for this agitation will be laid to the "committee of wholesale grocers."

These assertions are expected to create intense interest because they will be in strong contrast with the charges that free sugar legislation is being fought by an "insidious lobby."

RAM GROWS OAT CROP.

Wallows in Straw Stack and Then Gets Wet.

Gallon, Ohio, June 1.—In addition to a fine coat of wool, a ram owned by David Lynch, a farmer, has a covering of flourishing oats.

The ram wallowed around in a straw stack and got oats in his wool. Then it was rained on. Next, the sun shown brightly. This continued several days, with the result that the oats sprouted.

Lynch calculates that in case of drought he can save this crop of oats, since, if the rain won't come to the crop, he can move the crop to the rain.

At 84, Cat Third Set of Teeth.

Brail, Ind., June 1.—Mrs. Caroline McGregor, aged eighty-four, mother of Judge Samuel M. McGregor, is cutting her third set of teeth. Eight teeth of the third set have come out so far as to prevent her wearing her false set.

Dead Turtles Strew Beach.

Neenah, Wis., June 1.—Some disease is prevalent among turtles in Little Lake Butte des Morts. The shore is strewn with dead or dying turtles. They weigh from twenty to thirty pounds.

\$1,000 to Harper's Ferry, Charleswood, and Winchester and return, Sunday, June 2nd, Baltimore & Ohio R. R. at 4 p. m. Full information regarding this trip will be given at that time. Edw. T. King, manager.

M'COMBS URGES EARLY ACTION ON CURRENCY BILL

Democratic Chairman Says Question Should Be Taken Up at Once.

ASKS MORE BATTLESHIPS

Big Navy Is the Best Way to Insure Secretary Bryan's Peace Policy, He Says.

Park, June 1.—William F. McCombs, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, today gave the first interview he has authorized since his arrival here. He is at the Ritz Hotel, where he is recuperating after the severe strain of the electoral campaign.

Speaking of the general plans and policy of the Wilson administration, he said:

"I think we Democrats have every reason to be satisfied. The administration has made rapid progress, and in a general way I approve of its action. I do not think the tariff will to any extent affect our national prosperity unfavorably."

With regard to Japan, Mr. McCombs declined to express his views. As to Mexico, he said:

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